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PAPER

09/18/2007

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/791,387	03/03/2004	. Hiroaki Takahata	Q80091	3528	
23373 7590 09/18/2007 SUGHRUE MION, PLLC			EXAM	EXAMINER	
2100 PENNSY	LVANIA AVENUE, N	ZEMEL, IRI	ZEMEL, IRINA SOPJIA		
SUITE 800 WASHINGTO	N. DC 20037		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
	1,, 20 20027				
		•	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		A I' A' M			
Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/791,387	TAKAHATA ET AL.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		'Irina S. Zemel	1711		
The Period for Re	e MAILING DATE of this communication app ply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1)⊠ Res _l	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17 July 2007</u> .				
· <u>-</u>	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition o	f Claims				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-10</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.			
	m(s) is/are allowed.				
	m(s) <u>1,3-10</u> is/are rejected.				
	m(s) is/are objected to. m(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement			
O/L.) Oldii	in(s) are subject to restriction and/or	Cicolion requirement.			
Application P	apers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under	r 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
300 ti	to attached detailed emice deticit for a list	or the defining copies hat receive			
Attachment(s)			·		
1) Notice of R	eferences Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)		
3) Information	raftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08))/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:			

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1,3-5, and 7-8, 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tanaka '147 in combination with US Patent 4,384,032 to Tashiro et al., (hereinafter "Toshiro") or US 4,638,015 to Bertrand (hereinafter "Bertrand") and further in combination with JP 63-057230 to Dainippon Printing Co, Ltd., (hereinafter "Dainippon").

The rejection stands as per reasons discussed in the previous office action. The amended claim1 and newly added claim 10 contain limitations that introduce additived, namely, a neutralizer (c), a moisture absorbent (d) (specifically defined in new claim 10) and an inorganic filler (e) into the previously claimed composition. The obviousness of the previously claimed compositions is discussed in the previous office action.

Addition of known fillers for their known function to a polymeric composition would have been obvious for the reasons to impart the final polymeric product with the properties characteristics of that specific filler. For instance, a neutralizer (c), which is defined by the instant specification, for example, as a salt of a stearic acid, is a known co-blowing agent or auxiliary agent that is commonly used in combination with the blowing agent disclosed by Tanaka, as, for example, evidenced by disclosure of cited Tashiro reference, specifically in column 5, lines 30-33. Also, in the same paragraph, Tashiro discloses inorganic fillers such as talc or silica as common nucleating agents routinely used in polymer foaming processes to improve the uniformity of the foams and cell size. See, or example, Tashiro, column 5, lines 33-35.

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In addition, incorporation of a known moisture absorbing agent, such as calcium chloride in a polyolefin composition for the reasons to obtain compositions having water barrier properties would have been obvious with reasonable expectation of adwquate results as evidenced, for example, by Dainippon expressly disclosing that calcium chloride and othe fillers are known moisture absorbing additives for pololefinic polymer compositions.

The invention as claimed, thus, would have been obvious from the combined disclosure of the cited references and choosing the components that fully correspond to the claimed components and their combinations from the list of expressly disclosed components or their functional equivalents would have been obvious with reasonable expectation of adequate results absent showing of unexpected results.

Claims 6 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tanaka in combination with EP 0928805 to Montell North America Inc., (hereinafter "Montell") and further in combination with Bertrand or Tashiro and further in combination with Dainippon.

The disclosure of Tanaka '147 and Montell are discussed in detail in the previous office action as discussed the obviousness of using the claimed blowing agent, i.e., citric acid. The claim limitations of the base claim 1 are discussed above

Claims 1, 3 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tanaka '111 in combination with US Patent 4,384,032 to Tashiro et al., (hereinafter "Tashiro") or US 4,638,015 to Bertrand (hereinafter "Bertrand") and further in combination with Dainippon.

The disclosure of Tanaka '111, Tashiro and Bertrand are discussed in the previous office action. As discussed above, addition of known fillers (expressly disclosed in Tashiro and Dainippon) and for their known function would have been obvious for an ordinary artisan with reasonable expectation of obtaining compositions with the desired properties and reasonable expectation of success.

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The invention as claimed, thus, would have been obvious from the combined disclosure of the above cited references with reasonable expectation of adequate results absent showing of unexpected results.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 5-17-2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicants argue that the references alone or incombination do not disclose the additives as now claimed in the amended claims. This arguments are not persuasive as per discussion above. It is re-iterated once again that incorporation of known fillers in any polymeric composition for uts known functionality would have been clearly within the knowledge of an ordinary artisan with reasonable expectation of success and precisely for the reason to introduce the expected and known property to the resulting composition that is associated with each of the known filler/additives.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Irina S. Zemel whose telephone number is (571)272-0577. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9-5.

Art Unit: 1711

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Seidleck can be reached on (571)272-1078. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Irina S. Zemel Primary Examiner Art Unit 1711

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